Programme Name/s	: Mechanical Engineering/ Production Engineering
Programme Code	: ME/ PG
Semester	: Fourth
Course Title	: METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENT
Course Code	: 313348

I. RATIONALE

The Diploma Mechanical Engineer should understand, use and select various measuring instruments as they often come across measuring different parameters of machined components and the appropriate fitment of interchangeable components in the assemblies. Students should also be familiar with the principles of instrumentation, transducers and measurement of non-electrical parameters like, force and sound.

II. INDUSTRY / EMPLOYER EXPECTED OUTCOME

The diploma technician will be able to Use relevant measuring instruments for various conditions of measurement efficiently.

III. COURSE LEVEL LEARNING OUTCOMES (COS)

Students will be able to achieve & demonstrate the following COs on completion of course based learning

- CO1 Select relevant linear measuring instrument for measurement.
- CO2 Use different gauges and comparators for measurement of given components.
- CO3 Use relevant instrument for measurement of different parameters of Engineering components.
- CO4 Select relevant instrument for measuring the physical parameters of system.
- CO5 Use relevant instrument for measurement of operating parameters of system.

IV. TEACHING-LEARNING & ASSESSMENT SCHEME

				L	ear	ning	g Sche	eme		/-			A	ssess	ment	Sch	eme				
Course	^{se} Course Title Ab	Abbr	br Course	Actual Contact Hrs./Week				H Credits Paper Duration Practical		&	Based on SL		Total								
Code	Course Thie	ADDI	Course Category/s	5			SLH	NLH	Creuits	Paper Duration						Prac	tical				Total Marks
				CL	TL					Duration	FA- TH	SA- TH	To	tal	FA-	PR	SA-	PR	SI		1141 13
											Max	Max	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	
313348	METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENT	MAM	DSC	4	-	2	2	8	4	3	30	70	100	40	25	10	25#	10	25	10	175

Total IKS Hrs for Sem. : 1 Hrs

Abbreviations: CL- ClassRoom Learning, TL- Tutorial Learning, LL-Laboratory Learning, SLH-Self Learning Hours, NLH-Notional Learning Hours, FA - Formative Assessment, SA -Summative assessment, IKS - Indian Knowledge System, SLA - Self Learning Assessment

Legends: @ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, @\$ Internal Online Examination

Note :

- 1. FA-TH represents average of two class tests of 30 marks each conducted during the semester.
- 2. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in FA-PR of any course then the candidate shall be declared as "Detained" in that semester.
- 3. If candidate is not securing minimum passing marks in SLA of any course then the candidate shall be declared as fail and will have to repeat and resubmit SLA work.
- 4. Notional Learning hours for the semester are (CL+LL+TL+SL)hrs.* 15 Weeks
- 5. 1 credit is equivalent to 30 Notional hrs.
- 6. * Self learning hours shall not be reflected in the Time Table.
- 7. * Self learning includes micro project / assignment / other activities.

V. THEORY LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ALIGNED COURSE CONTENT

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Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
1	TLO 1.1 Describe basis of Metrology and Measurement. TLO 1.2 Explain characteristics of measuring instruments. TLO 1.3 Explain different types of standards. TLO 1.4 Describe working principle of Linear measuring instruments. TLO 1.5 Identify errors in given instrument. TLO 1.6 Select relevant measuring instrument for the given job with justification.	 Unit - I Overview of Metrology and Linear Measurement 1.1 Definition of Metrology, objective and types of Metrology, Need of inspection, Methods of measurements. 1.2 Characteristics of instruments – Static characteristics: Least count (resolution), Range and Span, Accuracy and Precision, Reliability, Calibration, Hysteresis, Dead Zone, Drift, Sensitivity, Threshold, Repeatability, Reproducibility, Linearity, Amplification, Magnification. Dynamic characteristics: Speed of response, Fidelity, Overshoot. 1.3 Standards: Definition and characteristics of Line standard, End standard and Wavelength standard. 1.4 Linear measuring Instruments: Working principle of Vernier caliper, micrometer, height gauge and depth gauge. 1.5 Types of Errors and its sources in Measurements, Factors affecting on accuracy. 1.6 Selection of instrument, Precautions while using an instrument for getting higher precision and accuracy. 	Lecture Using Chalk-Board Presentations Video Demonstrations Demonstration

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
2	TLO 2.1 Explain construction and working of given comparators. TLO 2.2 Select gauges for given job with justification. TLO 2.3 Select slip gauges for building specific dimensions.	 Unit - II Gauges and Comparators 2.1 Comparators: Definition, Requirement of a good comparator, Classification, Use of comparators, Working principle (Merits and Demerits) of Dial indicator, Sigma Comparator and Pneumatic Comparator, Selective Assembly, Interchangeability. 2.2 Gauges: Limit gauges. Taylor's principle of Gauge design, Plug, Ring Gauges, Snaps gauges. 2.3 Slip gauges: Wringing of Slip Gauges (Numerical). Precautions and Accessories. 	Lecture Using Chalk-Board Presentations Video Demonstrations Demonstration

3TLO 3.3 Explain procedure of measuring the given parameters of gear. TLO 3.4 Describeminor diameter, effective diameter, pitch, thread angle. Best wire size, Two wire method, Working principle of floating carriage micrometer, Errors in threads. 3.3 Gear Measurement: Analytical and functional inspection, Parkinson Gear tester, Gear tooth Vernier, Profile projector,Chalk-Board Presentation Video	Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
procedure for examining surface finish of the given component.Errors in gears.3.4 Surface Roughness Measurement: Meanings of surface texture and definitions, methods of surface measurement - Ra, Rz and RMS values (No Numerical), Taylors Hobsons Talysurf (2D and 3D Profiles of machined surfaces)Measurement by CMM.3.5 CMM: Introduction to Coordinate Measurement	3	TLO 3.1 Select Angular measuring instrument for given component and calculate unknown angle. TLO 3.2 Calculate screw thread parameters using given method. TLO 3.3 Explain procedure of measuring the given parameters of gear. TLO 3.4 Describe procedure for examining surface finish of the given component. TLO 3.5 Explain procedure for	 Finish Measurements 3.1 Angle measurement: Instruments used in Angular Measurements: Angle Gauges (No Numerical), Bevel Protractor, sine bar. Principle of Working of Autocollimator and Angle Dekkor. 3.2 Screw thread Measurements: Screw thread terminology, measurement of different elements such as major diameter, minor diameter, effective diameter, pitch, thread angle. Best wire size, Two wire method, Working principle of floating carriage micrometer, Errors in threads. 3.3 Gear Measurement: Analytical and functional inspection, Parkinson Gear tester, Gear tooth Vernier, Profile projector, Errors in gears. 3.4 Surface Roughness Measurement: Meanings of surface texture and definitions, methods of surface measurement - Ra, Rz and RMS values (No Numerical), Taylors Hobsons Talysurf (2D and 3D Profiles of machined surfaces) 	Lecture Using Chalk-Board Presentations

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
4	TLO 4.1 Classify transducers for the given application. TLO 4.2 Identify the given transducer with justification. TLO 4.3 Select displacement measuring instrument in the given system with justification. TLO 4.4 Choose relevant instrument to measure temperature of given system. TLO 4.5 Select relevant flow meter to measure flow in given system with justification.	 Unit - IV Displacement, Temperature and Flow Measurement 4.1 Generalized measuring system and its components. 4.2 Transducers: Classification of transducers- active and passive, contact, non-contact, Mechanical, Electrical, analog, digital. Applications of transducers. 4.3 Displacement Measurement: Specification, selection and application of displacement transducer, LVDT, RVDT, Potentiometer. 4.4 Temperature Measurement: Non-electrical methods- Bimetal and Liquid in glass thermometer. Electrical methods- RTD, Thermistor, Thermocouple. 4.5 Flow measurement: Types of flow meters. Selection criteria for flow meters. Variable area meter- Rota meter. Anemometer - hot wire and hot film. Electromagnetic flow meter, ultrasonic flow meter. 	Lecture Using Chalk-Board Presentations Video Demonstrations Demonstration

Sr.No	Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's)aligned to CO's.	Learning content mapped with Theory Learning Outcomes (TLO's) and CO's.	Suggested Learning Pedagogies.
5	TLO 5.1 Select relevant sound measuring device for the given system with justification. TLO 5.2 Select relevant humidity measuring device for the given system with justification. TLO 5.3 Select relevant force measuring device for the given system with justification. TLO 5.4 Choose speed measuring instrument for a given system.	 Unit - V Miscellaneous Measurements 5.1 Acoustics Measurement: Sound characteristics - intensity, frequency, pressure, power, sound level meter. 5.2 Humidity Measurement: Hair hygrometer. 5.3 Force Measurement: Tool Dynamometer (Mechanical type), Load cell. 5.4 Speed Measurement: Tachometers: Eddy current Drag Cup Tachometer, Contact less Electrical tachometer - Inductive Pick Up, Capacitive Pick Up and Stroboscope. 	Lecture Using Chalk-Board Presentations Video Demonstrations Demonstration

VI. LABORATORY LEARNING OUTCOME AND ALIGNED PRACTICAL / TUTORIAL EXPERIENCES.

Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory	Sr	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles /	Number	Relevant
Learning Outcome (LLO)	No	Tutorial Titles	of hrs.	COs
LLO 1.1 Use ancient measurement system for measurement of length and weight.	1	*Measurement of Length and weight by using ancient measurement system (IKS)	2	CO1 CO5

			1	1
Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Sr No	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
LLO 2.1 Measure dimensional parameters by using linear measuring instruments. LLO 2.2 Operate different linear measuring instruments.	2	*Measurement of dimensions of component using vernier caliper, vernier height gauge, vernier depth gauge, micrometer and inside micrometer.	2	CO1
LLO 3.1 Check the geometrical parameters of a component with the help of mechanical comparators. LLO 3.2 Operate dial gauge for different applications.	3	Roundness checking of the given component using dial indicator / dial gauge.	2	CO2
LLO 4.1 Use Bevel Protractor and Sine bar for measurement of unknown angle. LLO 4.2 Operate Bevel Protractor and Sine bar for angle measurement.		*Measurement of unknown angle of a component using Bevel Protractor and verification by Sine bar.	2	CO3
LLO 5.1 Use floating carriage micrometer for measurement of major, minor and effective diameter of screw threads. LLO 5.2 Operate optical profile projector for checking thread profile.	5	*Measurement of the screw thread elements by using floating carriage micrometer and verification by optical profile projector	2	CO3
LLO 6.1 Measure face width and tooth thickness of a gear by using gear tooth vernier caliper.LLO 6.2 Operate optical profile projector for measuring gear profile.	6	*Measurement of the gear tooth elements using gear tooth vernier caliper and verification by optical profile projector.	2	CO3

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Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory	Sr	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles /	Number	Relevant
Learning Outcome (LLO)	No	Tutorial Titles	of hrs.	COs
LLO 7.1 Examine the machined surface using surface roughness tester.	7	*Measurement of the surface roughness of machined surface by using surface roughness tester.	2	CO3
LLO 8.1 Use different optical flats for measurement of surface flatness. LLO 8.2 Identify the types of observed fringe patterns of optical flats.	8	Measurement of flatness of given component by using optical flats.	2	CO3
LLO 9.1 Use Autocollimator / Angle Dekkor for measurement of angle or taper of given component.	9	Measurement of the unknown angle of a given component by Autocollimator / Angle Dekkor.	2	CO3
LLO 10.1 Measure displacement of micrometer by using LVDT. LLO 10.2 Use LVDT for measurement of linear displacement.	10	*Measurement of displacement by using Linear Variable Displacement Transducer (LVDT).	2	CO4
LLO 11.1 Measure temperature of a system by using thermometer. LLO 11.2 Use Thermocouple for measurement of temperature of given system.	11	Measurement of temperature by thermocouple and Verification by thermometer.	2	CO4
LLO 12.1 Measure the flow rate of liquid by rotameter.	12	Measurement of flow rate of liquid by rotameter.	2	CO4
LLO 13.1 Measure given weights by using Load Cell.	13	*Measurement of weight by using a load cell.	2	CO5
LLO 14.1 Measure the relative humidity by using sling hygrometer.	14	Humidity measurement using sling hygrometer.	2	CO5

Practical / Tutorial / Laboratory Learning Outcome (LLO)	Sr No	Laboratory Experiment / Practical Titles / Tutorial Titles	Number of hrs.	Relevant COs
LLO 15.1 Measure the speed of rotating shaft by stroboscope or inductive pick up. LLO 15.2 Use stroboscope or inductive pick up for measurement of speed of rotating shaft.	15	Measurement of speed of rotating shaft by stroboscope or inductive pick up.	2	CO5
 Note : Out of above suggestive LLOs '*' Marked Practicals (LLOs) Are n Minimum 80% of above list of lab Judicial mix of LLOs are to be performed 	nand expe	eriment are to be performed.		

VII. SUGGESTED MICRO PROJECT / ASSIGNMENT/ ACTIVITIES FOR SPECIFIC LEARNING / SKILLS DEVELOPMENT (SELF LEARNING)

Micro project

• 1)Comparative study of various linear measuring instruments like steel rule, Inside-outside micrometer, Vernier caliper and Digital caliper with proper justification. 2)Comparative study of surface finish of various samples machined by various machining / finishing processes using surface roughness tester. 3)Prepare a report on calibration procedure of Vernier Caliper and Micrometer followed by NABL Lab. 4)Prepare a visit report on measurement systems used in near by industries / SME / Workshops / Fabrication shops. 5)Perform comparative study of different contact and non contact type transducers / sensors. 6)Visit to Automobile service station, observe the different sensors used in cars and prepare a report of the same. (Name, Use, Location, Working, Applications)

Assignment

• 1)Prepare a report to interpret effect of errors on the accuracy of instrument and measurement. 2)Visit to any nearby shop or industry and list out different gauges used for inspection along with its purpose. 3)Prepare a comparative study of different screw threads measuring instruments on the basis of their least count, accuracy, cost, ease of operation 4)Prepare a short report on different types of Rotameter. 5)Prepare a set of procedure for sound measurement with suitable instrument.

Note :

- Above is just a suggestive list of microprojects and assignments; faculty must prepare their own bank of microprojects, assignments, and activities in a similar way.
- The faculty must allocate judicial mix of tasks, considering the weaknesses and / strengths of the student in acquiring the desired skills.
- If a microproject is assigned, it is expected to be completed as a group activity.
- SLA marks shall be awarded as per the continuous assessment record.
- If the course does not have associated SLA component, above suggestive listings is applicable to Tutorials and maybe considered for FA-PR evaluations.

VIII. LABORATORY EQUIPMENT / INSTRUMENTS / TOOLS / SOFTWARE REQUIRED

Sr.No	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Relevant LLO Number
1	Inductive transducer – measurement range 0 to 100mm – sensor – inducive (nonlinear) solenoid type onboard with micrometer, micrometer screw gauge assembly for displacement, bridge balance type circuit Display 3.5-digit display	10
2	Sensor – type K (Cr-AI) thermocouple, sensor assembly and water bath with heating arrangement Display 3.5-digit display.	11
3	Rotameter -Trainer -sensor – standard glass rotameter, process tank with motor pump display – flat position on graduated scale.	12

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Sr.No	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Relevant LLO Number
4	Load cell – Force measurement range 5-50N – sensor 4 arm bridge with strain gauge capacity – 2Kg 3.5-digit display	13
5	Sling Psychrometer: 10-100% RH (For DBT between 30 to 100oF) with accuracy of \pm 5%	14
6	Multi digital Stroboscope cum Tachometer for speed measurement – up to 5000 rpm.	15
7	Vernier Calipers (0-200 mm)	2
8	Vernier Height Gauge and Depth Gauge. (0-300 mm)	2
9	Outside Micrometer (0-25mm, 25-50mm)	2
10	Inside Micrometer 0-25mm	2
11	Surface Plate-Granite (24 x 36 inch)	2,4,7
12	Dial indicator (0-25mm) with magnetic stand.	3,4
13	Universal bevel protractor Graduation: 5 min (0 deg-90 deg -0 deg)	4
14	Sine bar, Sine Center (0-200mm)	4
15	Floating Carriage Micrometer: Least Count 0.001mm; Standard micrometer or electronic type; Non rotary 8mm micrometer spindle; Indicator with 0.001 standard dial; admit between center 200mm; Max diameter capacity 100mm; Standard accuracy \pm 0.005mm.	5
16	Profile projector with gear profile / Thread profile templates. Opaque fine grained ground glass screen with 900, 600, 300 cross line Location; fitted with graduated ring (0 to 360 o) L.C. 1 min; Optics Std 10X, 20X, Measuring Range Std 100mm X 100mm; opt X axis up to 400mm, Y axis up to 200mm; Focusing Travel 100mm; Magnification Accuracy Contour \pm 0.05% Surface \pm 0.05%; Illumination Countor 24V / 150W halogen lamp with illumination control; Resolution 0.005/0.001/0.0005 mm.	5,6
17	Surface roughness Tester (Max Sampling length 0.8 mm) having profile printing facility.	7
18	Optical flats set range (0.2 µm) Diameter / Thickness 45/12mm and 60/15mm.	8
19	Angle Dekkor and Autocollimator (0 to 30')	9

IX. SUGGESTED WEIGHTAGE TO LEARNING EFFORTS & ASSESSMENT PURPOSE (Specification Table)

Sr.No	Unit	Unit Title	Aligned COs	Learning Hours	R- Level	U- Level	A- Level	Total Marks
1IOverview of Metrology and Linear Measurement		CO1	12	2	4	6	12	
2	II	Gauges and Comparators	CO2	10	2	4	4	10
3	III	Angular, Screw Thread, Gear and Surface Finish Measurements	CO3	15	4	4	8	16
4	IV	Displacement, Temperature and Flow Measurement	CO4	11	4	4	8	16
5	V	Miscellaneous Measurements	CO5	12	4	4	8	16
	Grand Total			60	16	20	34	70

X. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES/TOOLS

Formative assessment (Assessment for Learning)

• Term work (Lab Manual), Self-Learning (Assignment) Question and Answers in class room, quiz and group discussion. Note: Each practical will be assessed considering-60% weightage to process related and 40 % weightage to product related.

Summative Assessment (Assessment of Learning)

• Practical Examination, Pen and Paper Test

XI. SUGGESTED COS - POS MATRIX FORM MSBTE Approval Dt.

	Programme Outcomes (POs)						Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)			
(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	10015	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment			PSO- 1	PSO- 2	PSO- 3
CO1	2	1	1	2	1	-	2			
CO2	2	2	2	3	1	1	2			
CO3	2	2	2	3	1	-	2			
CO4	2	2	2	3	1	-	1			
CO5	1	2	1	3	1	-	1			
0	Legends :- High:03, Medium:02,Low:01, No Mapping: - *PSOs are to be formulated at institute level									

XII. SUGGESTED LEARNING MATERIALS / BOOKS

Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number
1	N.V. RAGHAVENDRA and L. KRISHNAMURTHY	ENGINEERING METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS	Oxford University Press, New Delhi, India ISBN-13: 978-0-19-808549-2. (2013)
2	Anand K Bewoor and Vinay A Kulkarni	METROLOGY AND MEASUREMENTS	Tata McGraw-Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi , India ISBN (13): 978-0-07-014000-4 (2017)

Sr.No	Author	Title	Publisher with ISBN Number
3	R K Jain	Engineering Metrology	Khanna Publication, New Delhi, ISBN- 10:817409153X (2022)
4	R. K. Rajput	Engineering Metrology & Instrumentation	S.K. Kataria and Sons ISBN:9788185749822 (2009)
5	R K Jain	Mechanical and Industrial Measurements	Khanna Publication, New Delhi ISBN: 8174091912 (1995)
6	Thomas G. Beckwith, Roy D. Marangoni, John H. Lienhard ·	Mechanical Measurements	Pearson Prentice Hall ISBN:9780136093763 (2013)

XIII. LEARNING WEBSITES & PORTALS

Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description	
		NPTEL MOOCS	
1	https://onlineagureag.notal.ag.in/nog20.mg0//nroview	course on	
1	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_me94/preview	Engineering	
		Metrology	
		NPTEL MOOCS	
2	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_me09/preview	course on Mechanical	
2		measurement	
		systems.	
		Video Lecture on	
2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hi7NUJdznc0	Engineering	
3		Metrology by IIT	
		Madras.	

Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description
4	http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/112106179/L33.html	Video Lecture on Electrical and electronic comparators, Optical comparators NPTEL Video Course : Metrology
5	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=videos +on+CMM+measurement+IIT&∣=6C0843737C0E8F2019006C0843737C0 E8F201900&&FORM=VRDGAR	Video on Part inspection by using CMM
6	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?q=videos+ on+screw+thread+measurement+IIT&&view=riverview&mmscn=mtsc&m id=9850B2C61C0872810AC19850B2C61C0872810AC1&&aps=196&FORM=VM SOVR	Measurement of screw thread elements.
7	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=videos +on+displacement+measurement&∣=53BAFCB5E8DA5553247253BAFC B5E8DA55532472&&FORM=VRDGAR	Potentiometer Working Principle
8	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=bimeta llic+temperature+measurement+devices&∣=3ADB81DF5F95342EE5 B53ADB81DF5F95342EE5B5&&FORM=VRDGAR	How Bimetallic Temperature Gauges Works
9	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=flow+m easurement+devices+rotameter&∣=145B5C41696FC6AFF30B145B5C 41696FC6AFF30B&&FORM=VRDGAR	Flow Measurement Devices
10	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=carbon +microphone&∣=B08AB66B421E46892B46B08AB66B421E46892B46&&F ORM=VRDGAR	Build a carbon microphone with a soda can and a paper clip

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Sr.No	Link / Portal	Description				
11	https://www.bing.com/videos/riverview/relatedvideo?&q=hair+h ygrometer+working+principle&∣=20C836F03B5418F173D620C836F 03B5418F173D6&&FORM=VRDGAR	Actual working of Hair Hygrometer				
•	 Note : Teachers are requested to check the creative common license status/financial implications of the suggested online educational resources before use by the students 					

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